

The Educational Responsibility in Rapid Implementation of European Policy Concerning Energy Market

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Abstract— Nowadays, based on international relations and cooperation we can not discuss about of a national energy market, without any connections with the rest of Europe. The economic exchanges, energetic trans-border exchanges, exchanges of specialists educated in different universities from the entire world, represent a reality for the entire international scientific world. Only intense and permanent international exchanges of all kind can ensure economic growth in the medium and long term for each state. The present paper analyses mainly the Report of High Level Reflection Group-HLRG of the Energetic Community-EC, and the Romanian National Authority permanent answers, transformed into concepts capable to be transmitted to students from Faculties of Energy, and not only. This article aims at highlighting the importance of international exchanges of the energy of any kind, renewable, or conventional. In the beginning is evoked the importance of creating a Pan- European Energy Market - PEEM, especially into the actual political situation, connected with some general and local aspects. Achieving a PEEM should be a scope for all countries that wish to join the EC. Further, are mentioned some proposals for the near future, and the main implementation rules for being in efficient manner, connected to the current free Romanian Market of Energy, as it is from January 2017. Two dimensions of flexibility need to be addressed and discussed with the students: the fact that European *acquis* need to be better adapted to the socio-economic situation of the Contracting Parties and, at the same time, the creativity, and homogeneity need to be well balanced in each individual country case. Separately must be treated the EU Regulations, which sustain to be directly implemented, applicable in short time to all Contracting Parties, once they are part of the European Energetic Community-EEC. The HLRG believes that a refurbishment of the institutional architecture is necessary, in particular, to enable the enforcement of the far-reaching commitments. There are mentioned some investments needed for the citizens benefits and the Romanian answers as part of EEC. The EEC may negotiate the framework implementation or the host government agreements, to provide a further comfort to the guarantors. The Energy Community Risk Enhancement Facility- ECREF will act to sustains other initiatives such as Action Plan for Growth in Central and South East Europe. One of its roles will be to provide a “one-stop-shop” for the mobilization of finances directed to the priority projects. Finally, some conclusions and main references are presented.

Keywords—Europe, Energy resolution, Open Educational Resources, Energy exchange, Continuing education, Educational programs, Educational activities

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