



# The band structure of birefractive CdGa<sub>2</sub>S<sub>4</sub> crystals

I. G. Stamov, N. N. Syrbu, V. I. Parvan, V. V. Zalamai,  
I. M. Tiginyanu

<https://doi.org/10.1016/j.optcom.2013.07.032>

## Abstract

In this paper, we report on the spectral dependence of  $\Delta n = n_o - n_e$  for CdGa<sub>2</sub>S<sub>4</sub> single crystals for shorter and longer wavelengths than the isotropic wavelength  $\lambda_o = 485.7 \text{ nm}$  (300K). It was established that  $\Delta n$  is positive at  $\lambda > \lambda_o$  and it is negative in the spectral range  $\lambda < \lambda_o$ . The isotropic wavelength  $\lambda_o$  exhibits blue spectral shift with temperature decreasing. The ground and excited states of three excitonic series A, B and C with binding energies of 53meV, 52meV and 46meV, respectively, were found out at 10K. The effective masses of electrons for  $k=0$  were derived from the calculation of excitonic spectra:  $m_c^{\parallel} (E \parallel c) = 0.21m_o$  and  $m_c^{\perp} (E \perp c) = 0.19m_o$ . The holes masses are equal to  $0.59m_o$  and  $0.71m_o$  for  $E \parallel c$  and  $E \perp c$ , respectively. The value of valence bands splitting,  $V_1 - V_2$ , by crystalline field equals 24meV, and  $V_2 - V_3$  splitting due to the spin-orbital interaction equals to 130meV. The optical functions  $n$ ,  $k$ ,  $\varepsilon_1$  and  $\varepsilon_2$  for  $E \perp c$  and  $E \parallel c$  polarizations were calculated by means of Kramers-Kronig analyses in the energy interval 3–6eV. The



# Optics Communications

Volume 309, 15 November 2013, Pages 205-211



evidenced features are discussed taking into account the results of new theoretical calculations of  $\text{CdGa}_2\text{S}_4$  band structure.